1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)
3	POLICY COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION
4	FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 1082 By: Tedford
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9	POLICY COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION
10	An Act relating to marriage and family; amending 43 O.S. 2021, Section 109, as amended by Section 1,
11	Chapter 24, O.S.L. 2024 (43 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 109), which relates to awarding child custody;
12	modifying factors to consider for child custody; modifying determinations for terminating custody
13	agreements; and providing an effective date.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
17	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 43 O.S. 2021, Section 109, as
18	amended by Section 1, Chapter 24, O.S.L. 2024 (43 O.S. Supp. 2024,
19	Section 109), is amended to read as follows:
20	Section 109. A. In awarding the custody of a minor unmarried
21	child or in appointing a general guardian for the child, the court
22	shall consider what $\frac{appears to be}{be}$ is in the best interests of the
23	physical and mental and moral welfare of the child.
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B. The court, pursuant <u>Pursuant</u> to the provisions of subsection
A of this section, may grant the care, custody, and control of a
child to either parent or to the parents jointly, and there shall be
<u>a presumption</u>, rebuttable by a preponderance of evidence that joint
<u>custody and equally shared parenting time is in the best interest of</u>
the child.

For the purposes of this section, the terms joint custody and joint care, custody, and control mean the sharing by parents in all or some of the aspects of physical and legal care, custody, and control of their children.

11 If either or both parents have requested joint custody, the С. 12 parents shall file with the court their plans for the exercise of 13 joint care, custody, and control of their child. The parents of the 14 child may submit a plan jointly, or either parent or both parents 15 may submit separate plans. Any plan shall include but is not 16 limited to provisions detailing the physical living arrangements for 17 the child, child support obligations, medical and dental care for 18 the child, school placement, and visitation rights. A plan shall be 19 accompanied by an affidavit signed by each parent stating that the 20 parent agrees to the plan and will abide by its terms. The plan and 21 affidavit shall be filed with the petition for a divorce or legal 22 separation or after the petition is filed.

D. The court shall issue a final plan for the exercise of joint
 care, custody, and control of the child or children, based upon the

plan submitted by the parents, separate or jointly, with appropriate changes deemed by the court to be in the best interests of the child. The court also may reject a request for joint custody and proceed as if the request for joint custody had not been made.

5 E. The parents having joint custody of the child may modify the 6 terms of the plan for joint care, custody, and control. The 7 modification to the plan shall be filed with the court and included 8 with the plan. If the court determines the modifications are in the 9 best interests of the child, the court shall approve the 10 modifications.

F. The court also may modify the terms of the plan for joint care, custody, and control upon the request of one parent. The court shall not modify the plan unless the modifications are in the best interests of the child.

G. 1. The court may terminate a joint custody decree upon the request of one or both of the parents or whenever the court determines the decree is not in the best interests of the child.

18 2. Upon termination of a joint custody decree, the court shall 19 proceed and issue a modified decree for the care, custody, and 20 control of the child as if no such joint custody decree had been 21 made.

H. In the event of a dispute between the parents having joint custody of a child as to the interpretation of a provision of the plan, the court may appoint an arbitrator to resolve the dispute.

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The arbitrator shall be a disinterested person knowledgeable in domestic relations law and family counseling. The determination of the arbitrator shall be final and binding on the parties to the proceedings until further order of the court.

5 If a parent refuses to consent to arbitration, the court may6 terminate the joint custody decree.

7 In every proceeding in which there is a dispute as to I. 1. the custody of a minor child, a determination by the court that 8 9 child abuse, domestic violence, stalking, or harassment has occurred 10 raises a rebuttable presumption that sole custody, joint legal or 11 physical custody, or any shared parenting plan with the perpetrator 12 of child abuse, domestic violence, harassing or stalking behavior is 13 detrimental and not in the best interest of the child, and it is in 14 the best interest of the child to reside with the parent who is not 15 a perpetrator of child abuse, domestic violence, harassing or 16 stalking behavior.

17 2. For the purposes of this subsection:

18 "child abuse" shall have the same meaning as "abuse" a. 19 as defined pursuant to the Oklahoma Children's Code in 20 Section 1-1-105 of Title 10A of the Oklahoma Statutes, 21 "domestic violence" means the threat of the infliction b. 22 of physical injury, any act of physical harm or the 23 creation of a reasonable fear thereof, or the 24 intentional infliction of emotional distress by a

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parent or a present or former member of the household of the child, against the child or another member of the household including coercive control by a parent involving physical, sexual, psychological, emotional, economic or financial abuse,

- "harassment" means a knowing and willful course or 6 с. 7 pattern of conduct by a parent directed at another parent which seriously alarms or is a nuisance to the 8 9 person, and which serves no legitimate purpose including, but not limited to, harassing or obscene 10 11 telephone calls or conduct that would cause a 12 reasonable person to have a fear of death or bodily 13 injury, and
- d. "stalking" means the willful course of conduct by a
 parent who repeatedly follows or harasses another
 person as defined in Section 1173 of Title 21 of the
 Oklahoma Statutes.

18 3. If a parent is absent or relocates as a result of an act of 19 domestic violence by the other parent, the absence or relocation 20 shall not be a factor that weighs against the parent in determining 21 custody or visitation.

4. The court shall consider, as a primary factor, the safety and well-being of the child who is the victim of child abuse and of the parent who is the victim of domestic violence, harassment, or

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stalking behavior, in addition to other facts regarding the best
 interest of the child.

3	5. The court shall consider the history of the parent causing
4	physical harm, bodily injury, assault, verbal threats, stalking, or
5	harassing behavior, or the fear of physical harm, bodily injury, or
6	assault to another person including the minor child, in determining
7	issues regarding custody and visitation.
8	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2025.
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